[Free membership] Become a JMAG WEB MEMBER



After become a JMAG WEB MEMBER, various technical materials can be viewed. In addition, JMAG-Express Online, from which motor design can be carried out on the Web, can be used with the same ID.

9,100 members in the world *As of July, 2022

■ What are available after registering to JMAG WEB MEMBER

White Papers

White Papers feature particularly substantial supporting information for JMAG performance evaluations, application limits, modeling methods, etc.

[W-MA-67] On the Geometry Edge Effects in Laminated Steel Sheet Eddy Current Loss Analysis

[W-SE-98] Improved Durability for Automatic

JMAG Users Conference Proceedings

Mesh Generation

More than 480 materials presented in Japan, the U.S., Europe, and other countries are available to read. Topology Optimization, Al,MBD, Material.

♦ Webinar

- Prof. Miller:Brush up on Motor Design!" (Updated monthly)
- Video for Introducing the New Functions of JMAG



◆ JMAG-RT Model Library

Various sample files of JMAG-RT with MATLAB/Simulink can be downloaded

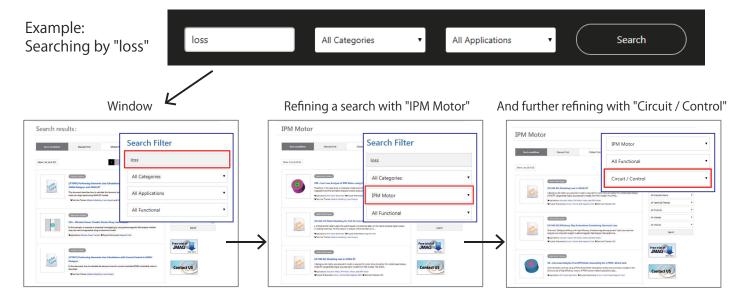


Many more services are available to members only. For details, see the JMAG website.

Searching for material

By combining multiple categories, searching or refining a search can be performed.

- Document categories ··· Function tutorials, application catalogs, white papers
- Analysis types ····· Magnetic field analysis, electric field analysis, cogging analysis, etc.
- Module lists and others



*The names of products and services described herein are the trademarks or registered trademarks of the respective owners.





Capable of Computing Basic Motor Characteristics in Just 1 Sec

JMAG-Express Online is a parameter-based motor design support tool.

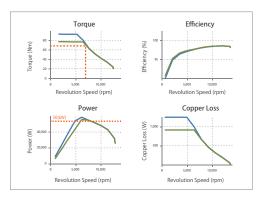
JMAG-Express Online now has the ability to evaluate all the motor characteristics like Torque-Speed characteristics, Loss characteristics, Inductance characteristics, etc.

> You can design motors anytime, anywhere, on the go or at home.



■ Evaluate torque, efficiency, loss, and inductance characteristics with graphs and numerical values

Rotation speed vs torque characteristics, iron loss / copper loss characteristics, etc. are displayed in graphs in an instant. Motor characteristics can be confirmed from tables of machine constants.



Machine Constant			Dimension		
Revolution Speed	N, rpm	7000		Outer Diameter, mm	201.3
Inductance	Ld, H	1.744e-04		Gap Length, mm	0.85
	Lq, H	3.016e-04		Stack Height, mm	201.3
	Self Inductance, H	1.586e-04	stator:so_000	Number of Slots	48
	Mutual Inductance, H	-7.932e-05		Outside Diameter, mm	201.3
Torque Constant	Kt, Nm/A	0.2337		Inside Diameter, mm	102.7
Voltage Constant	Ke, V s/rad	0.2699		Tooth Width, mm	4.026
Magnetic Circuit	Average Teeth Flux Density, T	0.6113		Slot Opening Width, mm	2.5
	Average Back Yoke Flux Density,	0.3369		Core Back Width, mm	15.09
	T			Tooth Tang Depth, mm	2.012
	Average Gap Flux Density, T	0.3751	ipm_rotor: rip_000	Number of Magnet Poles	8
	Magnet Flux Linkage, Wb	0.04965		Outside Diameter, mm	101
Electric Part	Phase Current(RMS), A	56.83		Shaft Diameter, mm	40.3
	Wire Current Density, A/m ²	2.193e+06		Position of Magnet, mm	40.6
Power	Torque, Nm	18.31		Magnet Thickness, mm	3.52
	Efficiency, %	95.06		Magnet Width, mm	23.2
	Power, W	1.34e+04		Clearance between Slits, mm	3.52
	Power Factor	0.8114		Slit Width, mm	3.52
Loss	Copper Loss, W	48.38		Slit Depth, mm	1.51
	Iron Loss, W	647.4			
Electric Circuit	Phase Voltage(RMS), V	102.1			
	Line Voltage(RMS), V	176.8	1		

Performance Graph

Design sheet

Define geometries with templates

Templates for PMSMs, induction machines and brush motors are available.











SRM





Induction motor (Single-Phase) (Three-Phase)

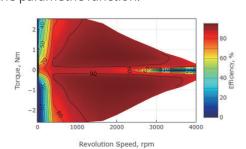
DC brush motors

Synchronous machines

Claw Pole Alternator

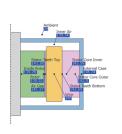
■ Efficiency Maps

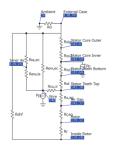
When creating maps, voltage and current limits can be applied. Multiple maps can be compared while using the parametric function.



■ Temperature Evaluation

The thermal model is evaluated using various heat generation sources like Copper Losses, Iron Losses, and Mechanical losses.





Thermal equivalent circuit model